

CYBER SAFETY & ANTI BULLYING POLICY

This policy is part of a series of interrelated policies for the safety and wellbeing of students, parents and staff.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Sensitive Data Policy
- Data Protection Policy
- Acceptable use Policy

PURPOSE OF POLICY

- Promote safe and responsible use of digital platforms and encourage positive interaction within the digital community.
- Educate students and parents on appropriate online behavior for educational purposes.
- Set expectations for student behavior when using digital technology, in line with school policies and procedures.
- Implement policies and procedures to prevent and address cyberbullying within the school community.

AT DBS, STUDENTS ARE TAUGHT TO:

- Understand how to use technology safely and be aware of the risks and consequences of misuse.
- Know how to respond if they or someone they know is being cyberbullied.
- Report any issues related to cyberbullying and seek support from the school and parents to address the problem.

STATEMENT OF POSITION:

- DBS ensures cyber-safety through core values, including rigorous cyber-safety practices and educational programs.
- The school provides appropriate use agreements for both staff and students, emphasizing responsibilities and obligations for safe use of ICT equipment.
- The goal is to create and maintain a cyber-safe culture aligned with the school's values and legal requirements.

• Students will receive an acceptable use policy, and after signed consent, they can access school ICT devices, with clear consequences for breaches related to cyber-safety and bullying.

CYBER SAFETY

- Cyber safety covers technologies such as the Internet, mobile phones, and wireless devices.
- With advanced and affordable communication technologies, it is important to educate children and young people about the benefits and risks.
- It provides safeguards and awareness to help users manage their online experiences.
- *Promotes the appropriate and responsible use of all technologies.*

GOOD HABITS:

- Cyber-safety relies on responsible ICT use by both staff and students, supported by education and clear policies.
- Effective implementation of cyber-safety policies in administration and curriculum, including secure network design, is essential.
- Safe and secure broadband usage, along with proper content filtering management, is crucial for cyber-safety.

AT DBS:

- The school takes all reasonable steps to protect students online but acknowledges the risk of exposure to undesirable content.
- Students are regularly reminded to:
- Turn off the screen if they encounter inappropriate material.
- Report the issue immediately to a teacher or supervising adult, who will document the details.
- Refrain from describing or encouraging others to access the site.
- If unsuitable content is encountered on school platforms, both learners and teachers must contact the IT manager immediately.

STEPS WE TAKE TO PROTECT OUR LEARNERS AT DBS

- Filtered Service: Internet access is provided through a filtered service on-site.
- Supervision: All children's internet use is supervised by a teacher, as no filtering service is 100% effective.
- Planned Activities: Internet use is planned and purpose-driven, not for aimless surfing. Children use the internet in response to specific class needs or questions.
- Websites: Teachers preview and revisit websites to ensure they meet curriculum needs and are age appropriate. Britannica search engine is used, and teachers guide students in using safe search terms.

• Internet Safety Rules: Children are taught Internet Safety Rules and encouraged to discuss how to handle encountering inappropriate content.

DBS School Website:

- Children are only referred to by their first names.
- No images of children will be labeled with names or shown close-up.
- Personal details like addresses or phone numbers are not shared on the website.

STAFF PERSONAL SOCIAL MEDIA RESTRICTIONS

- Parental consent for filming students is strictly for the school's official use on approved social media and publications.
- Teachers are prohibited from sharing videos featuring students' faces on personal social media or with people outside the school.
- Such unauthorized sharing breaches confidentiality and undermines parental trust.
- Teachers may share innovative teaching practices or classroom setups if students' faces are not visible.
- All content involving students must follow the school's guidelines and be used only for official school representation.

SAFETY POINTS FOR STUDENTS TO CONSIDER

- Use only your own login credentials to access school computers, the internet, and other tech equipment.
- *Do not view, alter, or delete other people's work/files.*
- Do not modify or delete any settings on school devices.
- Ask for permission before accessing any website unless already approved by a teacher.
- Only send emails that have been approved and reviewed by a teacher, ensuring the messages are polite and appropriate.
- Never share your personal information (name, address, phone number) or arrange meetings with anyone via email.
- Do not share others' personal information.
- Do not enter Internet chat rooms while using school computers.
- If you encounter something inappropriate or receive unpleasant messages, turn off the screen and immediately inform a teacher.

CYBER BULLYING

• Cyberbullying involves bullying through communication technology like text messages, emails, or websites.

- *Common forms include:*
- Sending threatening or abusive text messages or emails, either personally or anonymously.
- Posting insulting comments about someone on websites or social networking sites.
- Sharing derogatory or embarrassing videos of someone via mobile phones or email.
- Cyberbullying, using any form of technology to bully others, will not be tolerated.

INFORMATION FOR PARENTS:

- At DBS, cyberbullying is taken as seriously as other types of bullying and is addressed individually.
- *Consequences may include:*
- Verbal warnings.
- Parental discussions.
- More serious actions for severe cases.
- Cyberbullying can occur anonymously, 24/7 and is harder to detect as it leaves no physical scars.
- It can be highly intrusive and cause severe emotional harm, especially to young people.
- Young people often use acronyms in communication (e.g., POS, TUL), which can be difficult for adults to understand, increasing the challenge of identifying threats.
- Incidents can be reported to the division principals.

POINTS FOR PARENTS TO CONSIDER AT HOME:

It is important to promote phone and Internet Safety in the home, and to monitor Internet use.

Tips to Promote Internet Safety at Home:

- Discuss the fact that there are websites which are unsuitable.
- Discuss how children should respond to unsuitable materials or requests.
- Remind children never to give out personal information on the Internet.
- Remind children that people online may not be who they say they are.
- Be vigilant. Ensure that children do not arrange to meet someone they meet online.
- Be aware that children may be using the Internet in places other than in their own home or at school.
- Be aware of the safety issues regarding mobile phones.
- Encourage children to talk about how they use mobile phones.
- Remind children not to give mobile numbers to strangers and people they do not know very well.
- Talk about responsible use of the internet and technology.

Monitor Internet use:

- *Keep the computer in a communal area of the home.*
- Monitor online time and be aware of excessive hours spent on the Internet.
- Take an interest in what children are doing.
- Discuss with the children what they are seeing and using on the Internet.
- Advise children to take care and to use the Internet in a sensible and responsible manner.
- Check internet history log. This will tell you what websites your child is frequenting.

FILTERING FOR THE HOME COMPUTER:

- Parents may wish to invest in security software for their children's computers.
- Some of this software works by monitoring all Internet activity for trigger words.
- There are many types of security software available, the following are only a few.

Examples include:

- Net Nanny
- Cyber Patrol
- Surfwatch

INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS:

If you are being bullied:

- Remember, bullying is never your fault. It can be stopped, and it can usually be traced.
- Don't ignore the bullying. Tell someone you trust, such as a teacher or parent.
- Try to keep calm; if you are frightened, try to show it as little as possible.
- Don "get angry, it will only make the person bullying you more likely to continue.

ON THE INTERNET:

- Don't share personal details online such as your address, school, or email, as it can help someone harm you.
- Save evidence of bullying, including emails, text messages, or images, to show to parents, teachers, or authorities.

- Note the time, date, and details about the sender of any bullying messages or images.
- Seek online advice on how to handle cyberbullying, such as from resources like www.kidscape.org and www.wiredsafety.org.

HANDLING CYBER-SAFETY COMPLAINTS:

- Prompt action is required if a complaint is made regarding cyberbullying or internet misuse.
- The facts of the case will need to be established, including whether the issue occurred outside of school or through home internet use.
- Transgressions by students will be handled according to the school's behavior policy.
- In serious situations, the police must be contacted.
- Complaints about internet misuse will be dealt with by senior staff.
- Complaints about staff misuse should be referred to the division Principal.
- Complaints about a child protection nature will be handled according to the school's child protection procedures.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

COMPLIANCE	
Compliant with	Local legislation, CIS and NEASC

AUDIENCE	
Internal	All staff in Dasman Bilingual School

VERSION CONTROL		
Author	Samar Dizmen, Waseem Bacus & Fay Khan	
Implementation	Annually-August to June	
Review date	1 st June Annually	